Three New Anthicidae from Botswana (Coleoptera) – 66th Contribution to the Knowledge of Anthicidae

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Abstract. Three new species of Anthicidae are described and illustrated: *Anthicus botswanaensis* sp. n., *Anthicus luciphilus* sp. n. and *Anthicus peri* sp. n.

Key words. *Anthicus*, new species, taxonomy.

1. INTRODUCTION

Mr. Per Forchhammer, Serowe, Botswana collected a large number of Anthicidae by diverse methods. These beetles contain three species of *Anthicus*: *A. botswanaensis* sp. n., *A. luciphilus* sp. n. and *A. peri* sp. n.. The holotypes of these new species are stored preliminarily in my collection and will be deposited later in a public collection.

All measurements are in mm.

The material covered by the present paper was checked against the types of the comparable species mentioned in the text and against the relevant literature (BONADONNA 1962; VAN HILLE 1986).

2. TAXONOMY

2.1. *Anthicus botswanaensis* sp. n. (Figs. 1–3)


Measurements. Total length 1.8., width 0.6. Head length 0.5., width (across eyes) 0.4. Pronotum length 0.4., width 0.3. Elytra length 1.1. combined width 0.6 on end of first third of elytra.


Head. Shiny. Punctures coarse, most of spaces between punctures are smaller than punctures. With an elevated middle-line, but without an unpunctured area. Posterior margin straight. Pubescence light brown, short, nearly recumbent, mainly transverse. Temples about as long as eyes, parallel. Antennae with decumbent setae, stout, penultimate segment transverse.

Pronotum. Shiny. Punctures coarse. Spaces between punctures three to five times larger than punctures. Pubescence light brown, rather long, somewhat curved, somewhat decumbent, mainly directed to the scutellum.

Elytra. Shiny. Punctures very coarse. Spaces between punctures much smaller than punctures. Punctures posteriorly not much smaller, spaces not much larger. Pubescence light brown, stout, not very long, semi-erect, partially in rows. Strip near the suture on the last third of elytra. Shoulders well developed.

Legs with inconspicuous pubescence.

Wings fully developed.

2.1.2. Remarks. Somewhat similar to *Anthicus uhligi*.

Figs. 1–3. *Anthicus botswanaensis* sp.n.; 1. Holotype, ♀, habitus; 2. apex of penis, dorsal; 3. apex of penis, lateral.
Uhmann, 1995, but the coloration differs, elytra more parallel. *Anthicus inaequaliceps* Pic, 1911. possesses shorter temples.

### 2.1.3. Derivatio nominis
This name is given after the homeland of this species.

#### 2.2. Anthicus luciphilus sp. n. (Figs. 4–6)


**Measurements.** Total length 1.7, width 0.6. Head length 0.3, width (across eyes) 0.4. Pronotum length 0.35, width 0.35. Elytra length 1.6, combined width 0.6 on the end of the second third of elytra.

**Coloration.** Brown, eyes black. Antennae and legs yellow.

**Head.** Shiny. Posterior margin a little convex. Coarsely wrinkled. Pubescence very short, inconspicuous. With an elevated middle-line, but without an unpunctured area. Temples half length of the eyes, somewhat divergent. Antennae slim, penultimate segments as long as wide, with inconspicuous pubescence.

**Pronotum.** Shiny. Punctures coarse. Spaces between punctures as large as punctures. Pubescence light brown, stout, somewhat decumbent, directed posteriorly. Neck with coarse punctures.

**Elytra.** Shiny. Punctures very coarse. Spaces between punctures about as large as punctures. Punctures somewhat finer posteriorly, spaces here somewhat larger. Pubescence light brown, stout, not very long, somewhat decumbent, directed posteriorly. Strip near the suture on last third of elytra, shoulders well developed.

**Legs** with inconspicuous pubescence.

**Wings** full developed.

#### 2.2.2. Remarks.
Similar to *Anthicus peri* sp. n. but smaller, more shiny, pronotum relatively broader, temples much shorter.

#### 2.2.3. Derivatio nominis.
This species is attracted to light.

#### 2.3. Anthicus peri sp. n. (Figs. 3–5)


**Measurements.** Total length 1.9, width 0.6. Head length 0.5, width (across eyes) 0.4. Pronotom length 0.5, width 0.4. Elytra length 1.0, Combined width in the middle of the elytra 0.6.

**Coloration.** Yellowish brown, eyes black.

**Head.** Somewhat shiny. Punctures very coarse, most of spaces between punctures smaller than punctures, shagreened. Pubescence light brown, very short, very inconspicuous, mainly transverse. With a very narrow unpunctured middle area. Temples as long as eyes, parallel. Antennae stout, penultimate antennomeres as long as wide. Posterior margin of head straight.

**Pronotum.** Weakly shiny. Punctures strong. Spaces between punctures about as large as punctures. Pubescence light brown, rather stout, not very long, somewhat decumbent, directed to the scutellum.

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**Figs. 4–6. Anthicus luciphilus sp.n.; 4. Holotype, ♂, habitus; 5. apex of penis, dorsal; 6. apex of penis, lateral.**

**Figs. 7–9. Anthicus peri sp.n.; 7 Holotype, ♂, habitus; 8. apex of penis, dorsal; 9. apex of penis, lateral.**
Elytra. Weakly shiny. Punctures coarse. Spaces between punctures much smaller than punctures. Punctures somewhat finer posteriorly. Spaces on the apical part one to three times as large as punctures. Pubescence light brown, stout, rather short, somewhat decumbent, directed posteriorly. Strip near suture on the last third of elytra. Shoulders well developed.

Legs with inconspicuous pubescence.

Wings fully developed.

2.3.2. Remarks. By the size it is similar to Anthicus botswanaensis sp. n., but the whole beetle is less shiny, the elytra are not so coarsely punctured. A dark spot and rows of hairs on the elytra are absent. From Anthicus amblyceroides Pic, 1894, the new species differs by its less shiny form, the relatively larger pronotum and the relatively much longer temples.

2.3.3. Derivatio nominis. I name this species after its collector, Mr. Per Forchhammer of Serowe, Botswana.

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